

Plastic packages

Sort only when empty. Flatten the packages, if possible. Remove caps, lids and pump parts, if they are not attached to the packaging, and sort them separately. These parts are often made of different plastic than the rest of the packaging.



- food packaging (yogurt cups, butter containers, cold cut, cheese, and ready meal packages, etc.)
- detergent, shampoo, and soap packaging
- other household packaging (plastic bottles, canisters, jars, tubes, toy, tool, garden, and fishing equipment packaging, etc.)
- plastic bags, pouches, and wraps
- plastic takeaway food containers and packages, disposable cups
- styrox packaging and other plastic packaging fillers

New plastic products such as dish brushes, flower pots and plastic pipes are made from recycled plastic.

Glass packages

Sort only when empty. Remove the caps and lids and sort them by material.



- glass bottles and jars

New glass packages and foam glass are made from recycled glass.

Carton packages

Sort only when empty. Flatten and pack inside each other. Remove the caps and lids for the collection of plastic packaging, if they are not attached to the packaging.



- carton beverage packages
- cardboard packaging for food and other products
- paper bags, paper sacks, and wrapping papers
- cores of toilet paper and paper towel rolls
- pizza boxes, egg cartons
- takeaway food containers and packages, disposable cups
- cardboard boxes
- cardboard and paper packaging fillers

New cardboard packages and core board to paper rolls are made from recycled cardboard.

Metal

Sort only when empty.

Containers of dangerous goods are suitable for collection when they are empty and do not contain propellants.



- cans, beverage cans without deposit
- metal lids, caps and closures
- aluminum pans, foils and lids, tea light cups
- empty paint cans and aerosol bottles
- metallic coffee capsules
- pots and pans
- cutlery, scissors and hand tools
- other small metal objects (nails, screws, rings, etc.)

New metal products, e.g. metal packages or car parts are made from recycled metal.

Paper

Do not tie paper materials together with twine or tape. Remove plastic wraps from magazines and advertisements. Pack shredded paper in an envelope to prevent it from spreading when the container is emptied.



- newspapers and magazines
- advertisements and brochures
- lists
- envelopes
- office papers

Newsprint, tissue paper and raw material for insulation materials are made from recycled paper.

Biowaste

Pack biowaste in a paper bag or a biodegradable plastic bag. If using a sealed, non-ventilated waste container, biowaste can also be packed in a plastic bag in the following municipalities: Hattula, Hausjärvi, Hyvinkää, Hämeenlinna, Janakkala, Loppi, Mäntsälä, Riihimäki, and Valkeakoski.



- fruit and vegetable peels
- meat and fish waste
- coffee grounds, filter papers and tea bags
- food scraps, small bones
- eggshells
- spoiled food
- kitchen towels and paper napkins
- houseplants and cut flowers

Biowaste collected from households is produced to biogas and fresh and soil improvement compost seedbeds.

Mixed waste

Pack the waste to avoid containers becoming dirty. Please pack particularly well both glass and dusty waste.



- diapers, hygiene products
- porcelain, ceramics, plate glass, glass containers and objects
- cat litter, pet droppings and cage cleaning waste
- small amounts of cooking oil tightly packed, e.g. in a plastic bottle
- incandescent and halogen lamps
- small amounts of soil, sand, raking waste and twigs
- textiles that are not eligible for waste collection, such as shoes and underwear

Mixed waste is incinerated at the power station -> electricity and heat are obtained.

DO NOT PUT IN WASTE BINS

Hazardous waste

A product marked with a warning symbol is always sorted into hazardous waste.

- waste oils, oil filters and other oily waste
- paints, adhesives, varnishes and hardeners
- lead acid batteries
- clutch, brake and radiator fluids
- solvents, thinners
- strong washing and cleaning agents
- hair spray, nail polish and perfumes
- batteries ▶ return to any shop that sell them
- medicines ▶ return to pharmacy



Electronic waste and equipments

All appliances powered by electricity or batteries.

- energy-saving lamps, led lamps and fluorescent tubes
- small electrical devices such as fire alarms, light fixtures and small kitchen appliances
- computers and peripherals
- large household appliances such as stoves and washing machines
- refrigerators and heat pumps



Removal textiles

Clean, dry, unusable clothes and home textiles. Damp and moldy textiles and e.g. underwear belong to mixed waste.

- jackets, trousers, skirts and shirts
- sheets, towels and tablecloths
- household fabric scraps and fabric cuttings



Other waste

This kind of waste do not belong to property's waste bins, due to their size, quality or quantity:

- cars and car tires
- furniture and metal scrap
- renovation and construction waste
- larger amounts of soil and sanding sand
- larger amounts of raking waste and twigs

